



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 26, 1902.

THE GAZETTE appears this evening in a new dress. It will be seen that the general style of the paper has not been materially altered and for obvious reasons. The main headline is a fac-simile of that which has appeared on the first page for the past half a century, the Virginia coat of arms still heads its editorial page and the same plan large type which rendered the paper easy to the eyes of the grandfathers and grandmothers of the present generation has been followed. The Gazette, now in the second century of its existence, will continue the mission it began shortly after the close of the revolutionary war, and the age and body of the times will be presented in each issue. During the course of the paper it has ever faithfully given the current news of the day minus sensational or misleading headlines, and in its new garb, while up-to-date so far as giving the news is concerned, it is the purpose of its publishers to follow the even tenor of its way in conservatism and liberality both in tone and appearance. While firm in its convictions, it lays no claim to infallibility, but will ever contend for what it believes is for the best interests of the city, State and country. It has always been the exponent of an honest and true democratic form of national government, has insisted upon an untarnished State record and a sensible and safe course in municipal affairs. During its life it has at times had the opposite to combat in all three fields, but the paper has lived to see the correctness of its views generally affirmed by the logic of results which have followed questionable movements that so often cause cities, States and even nations to lose their heads. Like every other Alexandria institution, the Gazette has had its ups and downs by reason of the fluctuations of the city's affairs but it has continued its course in times of depression as well as prosperity, and has passed through the throes of four different wars. In its infancy its new dresses had to be imported from the mother country, and its editors, typesetters and other attaches were ex-Continental soldiers. They were in turn succeeded by veterans of the second war with England, some of whom fought the British at the White House. Others who had at times been employed in its publication marched forth to the Mexican war, and in 1861 the editorial and composing rooms of the Gazette were well represented in the companies which left Alexandria and became a part of the Confederate army, some of whom never returned to their native heath. Generation has followed generation. Editors, foremen, compositors, pressmen &c., have succeeded each other as years have run into decades, decades into scores, and scores into quarters, half and whole centuries, and amid all the transitions of time the Gazette has almost invariably appeared. Every endeavor will be made to render the paper a necessity for the counting house and home, and with this end in view it will strive in season, out of season, to gather everything of local interest and present it in a readable and clean form, while the news of the world will, as has ever been the case, be found in its columns. Its facilities in telegraphic communication with the entire civilized world places the Gazette in a position to be among the first papers to give all the news worth printing. As an advertising medium its worth has ever been acknowledged. A merchant of this city once said that during the time he was in business he never advertised an article in the Gazette that failed to bring buyers the next morning. The same is true now. It is a safe assertion to say that all the advertisements which appear in its columns are read, and that, too, by a purchasing public. A large stock of new type has been purchased—probably one of the largest in the State of Virginia north of Richmond. The assortment includes many modern faces now extensively used in display advertisements, and those who may avail themselves of its columns for the purpose of expanding their trade are assured of satisfactory results from their enterprise. The presses have been rebuilt and altogether the outfit of the Gazette of the present day is more complete than at any time in its history.

THE SHOOTING of a soldier in Alexandria county Tuesday night and the demolition of a saloon last night by the infuriated companions of the wounded man is causing considerable apprehension among quiet people living in sight of the national capital. The end is not yet, according to the statements of people residing in the county who were in the city this morning. They say the parties who shot the soldier Tuesday night and who threw stones at the soldiers are known and that somebody will probably be killed before the trouble is over. Those who witnessed the attack on the saloon last night say the process of demolition was a great improvement upon the work of Carrie Nation and her hatchet.

Chandeliers, mirrors, decanters, bottles and glasses went down with a crash to be gathered in small fragments, while the razing of the house and the work of converting it into kindling wood occupied but a few minutes. Bullets whizzed about the heads of all within range and the stampeding from the vicinity was a thrilling picture. The county authorities will have a difficult time in preventing further disturbances.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT in a speech yesterday afternoon at the Harvard alumni banquet vigorously defended Gen. Leonard Wood's administration as Governor General of Cuba, and sharply rebuked the general's critics. He also bestowed high praise upon Governor Taft of the Philippines, told why he could not carry out his desire of honoring the judge by an appointment to the bench of the Supreme Court, and credited Elihu Root, the secretary of war, with performing most successfully the most responsible work of any man in the administration. In concluding, the President said he could not show his appreciation of these three men in any way save the wholly insufficient one of standing up for them and for their works, and that he would do. Mr. Roosevelt's opinions in such cases are entitled to no more consideration than those of other people who have observed the course of events in the past four years, and those who have wielded power in the Philippines and in Cuba having made themselves objects of criticism they will not escape public censure notwithstanding the President approves of their actions.

THE APPREHENSION caused by the serious illness of King Edward was in no way allayed by the dispatches received during last night. There were several idle rumors in circulation concerning the condition of the royal patient. One was to the effect that a bulletin had been posted in Washington stating that the king's symptoms had become so alarming that a second operation was to be resorted to. This was not confirmed by the dispatches printed this morning. There is still much cause for anxiety as to the outcome, while all are hoping for the best. The old observation that the angel of death hovers about the palace and the cottage gate is patent in the case of King Edward. The silken canopies of Buckingham Palace, the medical experts of the kingdom and the most careful nursing are alike powerless when the axe is once laid at the root of the tree. Every means which was resorted to in order to prolong the life of the sweet psalmist of Israel when his day was about to set proved futile. So will it be with all when the bounds set are reached.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, D. C., June 26. The draft of the proposed reciprocity treaty between this government and Cuba, upon which the State Department and Minister Quesada, of Cuba, have been working for some time, is now finished. Minister Quesada called upon Acting Secretary of State Hill this morning to express his approval of the document and his readiness to sign the same as soon as he should receive the necessary authority from his government. Whether this will arrive before the adjournment of Congress is problematical.

Dr. William M. Fisher, formerly of Richmond, Va., died this morning at the Columbian University Hospital from injuries he received last night in falling down the elevator shaft of that institution. He had stepped into the open shaft thinking he was about to step into the elevator car.

Just at noon today Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, chairman of the House conferees on the Isthmian canal bill, called up the conference committee's report which accepts the Spooner amendment, virtually adopting the Panama route.

George Dewey, admiral of the United States navy, was the witness when the Senate committee on the Philippines resumed this morning. The admiral, among other things, said he told Aguinaldo during the war with Spain to go outside his lines and recruit; that they had a common enemy; that he never recognized the government of Aguinaldo nor saluted his flag; the Filipino army was useless to the Americans, and he gave it as his opinion that after all the United States had done for the Filipinos it was "base ingratitude for them to turn on us."

Signor Mayor des Planches, the Italian ambassador, was among the callers at the State Department today. He did not even allude to the recent Venice incident and it is believed that his government has decided to allow the matter to drop.

WOMAN POSED AS MAN.—All doubts as to the sex of Lydia Lotta Sawyer, alias "Herman G. Wood," who married Mrs. Ernestine L. Rauck, in Baltimore, last week, were set at rest yesterday morning by one of the police surgeons. The woman acknowledged her sex and said she had donned masculine dress in order to secure employment more easily, and had married Mrs. Rauck in order to keep up her disguise. She is the daughter of a prominent and wealthy family in Camden county, N. C. In her youth she was very wild and caused her family much trouble. She gave birth to a child. When this disgrace had fallen upon her, she quietly left the house one night, when her child was only a week old, and walked to Norfolk, where she donned man's apparel. In this disguise she went to Baltimore, where she had since resided. She is to be sent to her home in North Carolina.

DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL. Columbus, O., June 26.—The Supreme Court today declared the Cleveland charter law to be unconstitutional and to be made an order ousting Mayor Johnson's government from office. The Mayor alone of all his government forces will continue in office.

Farmers in Kansas are with guns compelling tramps to work in the harvest fields.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Republican factional fights in Wisconsin may result in the retirement of Senator Spooner and a democratic victory in that State in 1904.

Because he failed to receive pay for preaching a funeral sermon Rev. Herman C. Fuls, of Ellenville, N. Y., has invoked the aid of the law and \$6 is the amount claimed.

The democratic State convention at Minneapolis, yesterday reaffirmed faith in the Kansas City platform, expressed admiration for Hon. William J. Bryan and nominated L. A. Rosing for Governor.

It is reported that Senator McComas may be appointed Chief Justice of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals if the Maryland Legislature elected next year is controlled by his political opponents.

President Roosevelt yesterday in a speech at Harvard University, which conferred on him the degree of doctor of laws, denounced the critics of Gen. Leonard Wood, Gov. Gen. W. H. Taft and Secretary of War Elihu Root.

Gus Ruhlin, of Akron, Ohio, defeated Tom Sharkey, of New York, in the eleventh round before the National Sporting Club of London last night. The fight was held in connection with the coronation sporting tournament.

Acting Chairman W. N. Hartshorn, of the executive committee of the national Sunday-school congress, to be held in Denver, announced yesterday that no color line will be drawn. He says all negro delegates will be given the same recognition as the whites. The congress opened yesterday.

At Erie yesterday for the third time in 20 years former Gov. Robert Pattison, of Philadelphia, was nominated for governor of Pennsylvania by a democratic State convention. George W. Guthrie, of Pittsburgh, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor, Jas. Nolan, of Reading, was nominated for Secretary of Internal Affairs. The platform makes no reference to national questions, which indicates that the campaign will be made strictly on State issues. Mr. Pattison appeared before the convention and made a brief speech of acceptance.

CONGRESSIONAL.

After six weeks of controversy the Senate and House yesterday evening reached an agreement upon the army appropriation bill. The result was accomplished by a compromise, in which the House leaders claim a victory. The Senate recedes from the position which it assumed, and the House in turn voted to increase its appropriation for the construction of barracks to \$3,350,000, which the Senate will accept. The original appropriation was for \$3,000,000, which was increased in the Senate to \$4,000,000. When the bill came back to the House Mr. Cannon, the chairman of the committee on appropriations, moved to instruct the conferees not to agree to this amendment, and after considerable opposition the motion was finally adopted. Since that time the conferees have been struggling with the question, and each house refusing to yield until yesterday, when the compromise was effected. Chairman Hull called up the conference report in the House yesterday, which settled all save two questions in dispute. He moved that the House agree to make the appropriation for barracks \$3,350,000, which he said, the Senate would accept. He explained that the House had come out victorious in the controversy, as the Senate had receded from all legislative questions in the bill which had been objectionable to the House. Mr. Hull said that the democrats opposed his motion because they were not in favor of taking care of the army.

Mr. Richardson denied this statement and said that the minority had simply followed the leadership of Mr. Cannon, who made the motion to instruct the conferees not to agree to the Senate amendment increasing the appropriation for barracks.

Mr. Cannon thought Mr. Hull's motion should prevail, as it would dispose of the matter in dispute to the satisfaction of the House.

Mr. Hay, of Virginia, characterized Chairman Hull's statement that the democrats opposed the amendment because they did not want to care for the army as a malicious slander made for cheap political purposes. Mr. Slayden was recognized for one moment and spoke in the same vein.

Mr. Hull's motion was agreed to by a vote of 139 to 70.

The bill was then returned to conference and later the Senate agreed to yield and accept the compromise.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

At Dover, N. H., last night Martin A. Glass shot and killed his brother George, a medical student, and beat his aged mother with the same weapon that he used to kill his brother. Martin was arrested. No cause for the deed is known. Mrs. Glass says Martin had acted strangely for some days and that she had doubted his sanity.

"Otille" Ostmaier, who came to this country four days ago in the hope of getting employment as a woman servant is a man, and now awaits deportation at Ellis Island. The books of the Immigration Bureau at New York show that "Otille" was recorded on arriving there as a single woman. "Otille" says he was unaware until Saturday that he belonged to the stronger sex.

KING'S TREE IS DYING.—In Central Park, New York are two trees, one an American elm, the other an English oak, which were planted by King Edward, then Prince of Wales, in 1860. The elm has grown to be a big, strong tree, about 100 feet high, but the oak has remained stunted and snarled. Two weeks ago Landscape Artist Parsons, of the Park Department, was told that the oak showed signs of dying, and since that time he has used every effort to discover the cause of the decay and to save the life of the tree, but without avail. Mr. Parsons says it cannot be saved.

How to Avoid Trouble.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save you a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Graduating exercises were held at the Virginia Military Institute yesterday, and 34 diplomas were awarded.

Mrs. Sarah Castellan Page, wife of George R. Page died in Winchester on Tuesday. She was a native of Clarke county and was 74 years of age.

At the Olivet Baptist Church, in Spotsylvania county yesterday, Miss Lottie Parker became the bride of Prof. S. C. Jones. Both parties are nudes.

Senator Edward Lyle withdrew yesterday from the race for the congressional nomination from the 6th district. This will have the effect of giving Roanoke city to Hon. Graham Claytor by an abnormal majority.

Ethel Barclay, a girl 10 years old, was caught in the machinery at Mayo's factory in Richmond yesterday morning and scalped. The girl's long hair became entangled in a belt. The scalp and pieces of skull were torn from her head. The doctors think the girl may recover.

KING EDWARD'S CONDITION.

Dispatches received from London late last night were to the effect that the most that can be said of the King's condition is that there had been no apparent change during the preceding twenty-four hours.

The resort to nitro-glycerine seems to have tilted over the first danger of collapse from shock. This factor having been eliminated, it was not expected that any fresh crisis would arise within the time that has since elapsed.

The doctors will still not vouchsafe any information concerning the pulse or temperature, but it is naturally inferred from the tone of the bulletins that nothing seriously abnormal has manifested itself in this connection.

It is carefully explained by medical experts, however, that the attending physicians must themselves remain in ignorance of any internal mischief until fatal symptoms appear, and then they will be practically powerless.

The situation in this regard is not unlike the case of President McKinley. The appearance of a high pulse and temperature would indicate the disappearance of the last vestige of hope. These symptoms might be preceded by a chill, which would be an equally ominous sign.

There do not exist, however, any reasons for exciting false hopes for a time, as in Mr. McKinley's case. The markets and exchanges have been closed until Monday and if the physicians expected an immediate collapse there probably would have been a darker tone in the bulletins.

Unhappily, however, while the bulletins to the public are non-committal, or almost optimistic, the doctors are preparing the royal household for the worst. One of the King's most intimate associates asked one of the physicians to tell him frankly just what chance his majesty had. The reply was: "Chances are fewer. Yesterday I should have said about one in three. I am afraid I could not say that today."

Members of the palace entourage quote medical opinion to the effect that the king may live a week, but is hardly expected to survive until Sunday. It is quite true, as stated in the bulletins, that the king feels fairly comfortable day. He took nourishment in the form of milk and soda water and liquid prepared food. He was even able to listen to some of the telegrams of sympathy, and his spirits improved considerably. His mind was quite clear when he was awake, and he had a fair amount of rest.

The Queen has been persuaded to relax her vigilance somewhat. She has rested for brief intervals in an adjoining room, but has remained always within close call. Frequent rumors of the gravest description have obtained circulation in London. One of the most persistent revived the story that the king was suffering from cancer.

When questioned on the subject yesterday, Lord Francis Knollys, the king's private secretary, said: "I give you my word of honor that the king has no cancer. He never had a symptom of cancer, and there is no malignant growth whatever in connection with his malady."

When asked his own opinion of the king's case, the secretary, who was made a lord yesterday, replied: "The king is a man well on in years, who has undergone a very serious operation. You can judge as well as I."

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The constitutional convention assembled yesterday. The report of the committee charged with enrolling the constitution was adopted, except the proposition for lithographing 300 copies. It was agreed that the members shall sign the instrument in alphabetical order.

The most interesting incident of the day was the presentation to President John Goode of a splendid gold watch and chain. The presentation was made by Senator Daniel on behalf of the members of the convention. Senator Daniel spoke eloquently of Mr. Goode's services as the presiding officer of the body. Mr. Goode replied in one of the best speeches he has ever made.

The Meredith resolution, providing for keeping the convention alive until January 1, 1903, went over. The convention will probably adjourn this afternoon.

STORM IN INDIANA.—The entire north central section of Indiana was visited yesterday by one of the most disastrous storms that ever swept over the State.

The storm swept sections, covering hundreds of miles, extending from Hancock county northwest through the northern portion of Marion, Hamilton and Boone counties and doing much damage in Tippecanoe and adjacent counties. Hundreds of buildings were razed, thousands of trees were uprooted, and now blockade highways, railroads and traction lines, crops utterly ruined, causing a loss estimated at nearly \$2,000,000, and fifty persons were more or less injured, but two deaths have been reported with authority. That was the killing of James Van Hoy, who was caught in the ruins of a collapsed barn near Pendleton, and James Bailey, who was killed by flying timbers at McDowell. The course of the storm was southeast and northwest. Its path was clear across the State. In the ruins left behind are many factories, churches, school houses, and frame residences. The most severe damage was in and near Hancock county.

The nominations for J. T. Davenport to be postmaster at Gordonsville and C. T. Barksdale as postmaster at Danville were confirmed by the Senate yesterday.

CONDITION IMPROVING.

London, June 26.—This morning, the third day of the king's illness, the day on which it is generally predicted that the real crisis in his condition will occur, the official bulletin is more favorable than it has been since the operation was performed.

The bulletin issued at Buckingham Palace at 10:15 this morning read as follows: "His majesty had a better night and had some refreshing sleep. He is improved in all respects. His constitutional condition is quite favorable. The state of the wound is also satisfactory. The Duke of Connaught on leaving the palace at 9:30 o'clock this morning, said his majesty's pulse and temperature were normal, and his condition, on the whole, satisfactory. While these reports from official sources are encouraging in the extreme, the general public are not inclined to feel at all secure. The evening papers today also take a rather pessimistic view, and warn the public not to let their optimism be too great as the real crisis is yet to come. Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany, when he heard the news of his royal relative's condition, immediately telegraphed, offering to come to London if there was urgent danger. A reassuring reply was sent. The king has shown a vitality and constitutional vigor with which few credited him.

He has a full measure of the family strength, despite his easy life and the recent strain he has undergone. The doctors, however, while for the first time issuing a bulletin containing genuine encouragement, still say the danger is by no means over and will not be until the wound heals and the intestines are reunited. The greatest danger is the presence of the tube in his majesty's bowel. This is of a material which can sometimes be successfully absorbed, but usually requires a second operation for its removal. Under the present conditions, however, no complications are imminent.

Instead of coronation services, intercessory services were held in the churches all over the empire today. At Simla, India, the viceroy, commander-in-chief and the corps of government officials in full dress attended an intercessory service. At Capetown intercessory services were also held. Services were also held in all the churches of Australia.

In London a great service was held at St. Pauls, to which only holders of abbey tickets were invited. At the very hour at which the king was to have been crowned a solemn litany was chanting by the same choir that was to have sung the coronation services. The responses were said by the Lord mayor, peers, members of Parliament, guests and others who expected to be acclaiming their crowned king. Then psalms 13, 23, and 25, were sung, and prayers for the sick monarch recited. There was no sermon. The attendance was enormous, including the colonial premiers who came to London to attend the coronation. Many members of the House of Commons joined in a similar service at St. Margaret's, Westminster.

London, June 26.—At one o'clock this afternoon it was announced at the palace that the satisfactory condition of the king is being maintained. His majesty looks extremely well considering the awful experience he has gone through. The king has been able to see some of the royal family today. The queen has not left the palace, but the Princess Victoria today went out for a drive.

London, June 26.—The Evening Sun today says it has indisputable authority for the statement that the date of the coronation will be approximately the second week of October. The royal and other guests to the coronation, the paper asserts, are provisionally arranging to return to England about October 5th. Court officials, however, say it is idle to speculate on the matter of the coronation until the king is out of danger.

London, June 26.—The six o'clock bulletin on the king's condition continued the encouraging strain which had characterized those issued earlier in the day. It read: "His majesty passed a good day and has taken nourishment well. He is less weak and his temperature is now normal."

London, June 26.—Your informant at the palace who has been quoted on the king's condition in these dispatches Tuesday and Wednesday, was seen late this afternoon. He said the king's condition today was encouraging and that his majesty had chances for life. "But," added he, "the danger is by no means over and the anxiety of the royal household is only slightly abated."

FOREIGN.

London, June 26.—Yesterday evening in the town of Hemel-Hemstead, about 23 miles northwest of London, the committee decided to sell the food intended for the coronation dinner to the poor. The disappointed crowd were stirred to rioting by the decision, stoned the residences of the committee men, and sacked a china shop belonging to an Alderman.

Madrid, June 26.—A gunpowder magazine exploded at Carabanchel, five miles outside of Madrid, at 2:14 o'clock this morning. The shock was felt for miles around. The doors of the royal palace at Madrid was thrown open by the shock and many windows were smashed. At first it was thought an aerolite had fallen.

Vienna, June 26.—Count Rudolf Potoki, an aide-de-camp to the Czar, last night lost \$500,000 at bacarat in three hours at a club in Warsaw. He afterward attempted to commit suicide but was prevented. Rudolf is a brother of Count Joseph Potoki, who lost a similar amount at gambling in one sitting last December.

London, June 26.—Strenuous official efforts are being made to hush up an extraordinary scandal, reports of which are current in the city. The unprecedented course of holding an English court behind closed doors and with reporters excluded, is being taken. It is stated that a prince of an Austrian house, who is here with his suite, accompanied by a foreign special envoy, left their hotel on Tuesday evening. They got into communication with some sports, so the story goes, and after several drinks, went to Southwick, which is a low neighborhood south of the Thames. Here they got mixed up in some unsavory business. The police are now prosecuting a number of men for blackmail, in a secret court. The identity of the parties concerned is not generally known but the story is causing a sensation even in these exciting days.

THE HARVARD-YALE BOAT RACE.

New London, Conn., June 26.—In the presence of the President of the United States, the cohorts of two colleges and thousands of spectators, Yale and Harvard will meet this afternoon for their annual boat races on the Thames river. There will be three races. The principal contest in which most interest is focused is the 'varsity eight-oared race' of four miles. The betting this morning took form which made Yale a favorite in the 'varsity' race and at even money in the freshmen race. A book maker offered 10 to 7 on Yale 'varsity' but the Harvard men insisted on 2 to 1.

New London, June 26.—The two oared race has been postponed until 3 o'clock on account of rough water. If it cannot be rowed then it will be rowed after the Varsity race. The Freshman race is postponed till 4:30 p. m.

INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Charleston, W. Va., June 26.—Judge Guthrie, of the Circuit Court, has granted an injunction restraining the strikers of the mines from interfering with the men at work in the mines of the Winfield Coal Company. About 150 men are at work at Winfield today. The Kellers Creek and Riverside mines are in operation. It is reported that some of the Kanawha & Hocking Company men may return. At Grahams mines the company has advised all miners indebted to come forward and settle, and all occupying company houses to vacate or ejectment suits will be issued. The notice suggests that former employees seek other and more congenial employment.

FROM CUBA.

Havana, June 26.—Dispatches from Santiago report great agitation there among the negro element, who are demanding that the revolutionary army be paid. They approve of General Banderas plan of going to the woods and will follow his leadership.

Havana, June 26.—El Mundo, General Maximo Gomez's organ, this morning demands the retirement from the cabinet of Zaldo, the secretary of foreign affairs on account of his alleged incompetency. The paper also advocates the suppression of the portfolio of public works which is now held by a Spaniard.

FROM HAVANA.

Havana, June 26.—In an interview yesterday U. S. Minister Spuler deprecated the talk of revolution now current in certain circles here. He expressed it as his belief that the government is able to cope with conditions.

Havana, June 26.—So many indigent Americans are now in Cuba petitioning for aid to return home that U. S. Minister Squires was prompted to call a meeting of the American legation for the relief of those people. A number of those present subscribed liberally to send needy Americans back to the United States.

INHUMAN FATHER.

Marlborough, Mass., June 26.—John Cullinane, a laborer, put his 7-year-old boy in the stove oven early yesterday morning leaving him to roast. He then went to the Church of the Immaculate Conception and informed Rev. Father Finnck that he had done so. The boy, after being in the oven half an hour was released. He was severely burned. Cullinane has been placed in a padded cell. He says the spirit of his dead wife had been talking to him lately and that she told him to roast the child.

TORNADO IN OHIO.

Marietta, O., June 26.—The tornado which passed over Marietta last night is estimated to have caused a loss of \$250,000 and cost one life. Herman Sprague, 18 years old, was taken from the ruins of his house, his house dead, bearing marks indicating that he was killed by lightning. Twenty persons were slightly injured but none seriously. The storm cut a swath fifty to one hundred yards wide diagonally through the city over a distance of a mile and a half. The saw mill of the Marietta Chair Company, the car barns of the Marietta Electric Company, and the plants of the Ohio Valley Water Company and Acme Brick Company were totally demolished. Twenty frame and brick dwellings were destroyed and probably fifty others badly damaged. The escape of the inmates in many instances was miraculous.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons. Get Green's Special Almanac.

"I have used DeWitt's Early Risers for constipation and torpid liver and they are all right. I am glad to endorse them for I think when we find a good thing, we ought to let others know it," writes Alfred H. Quiney, Ill. He never gets grip or distress. Sure, safe pills. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

MEETINGS.

MASONIC MEETING.—A called meeting of ANDREW JACKSON LODGE No. 129, A. F. & A. M., will be held on FRIDAY EVENING, June 27, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late James H. Deaton, a member of the lodge. Members of Alexandria-Washington Lodge and all Master Masons in good standing are invited. By order of the W. M. J. E. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF WASHINGTON, D. C.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the association, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other appropriate business, CHARLES LYMAN, President, will be held at the office of Judge J. K. M. Norton, No. 128 south Fairfax street, Alexandria, Va., at 10:45 A. M., WEDNESDAY, July 16, 1902, for the election of directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other appropriate business. CHARLES LYMAN, President.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the NATIONAL ROYAL RAIL BEARING COMPANY will be held at its office, 111 south Fairfax street, this city, on Monday, July 7, at 11 A. M. E. L. COCKE, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

PORT MYER, VA., JUNE 1902.—SEAL-ED proposals in triplicate, for constructing barracks will be received here until 10 A. M., June 28, 1902. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Information on application. Enclosures containing bids should be indorsed "Proposals for Barracks" addressed Capt. W. F. CLARK, Jr. Mr.

june 19, 1902.

Fifty-seventh Congress.

SENATE.

The Senate this morning passed a bill by unanimous consent to appropriate \$25,000 for the removal of a rock near Pier No. 1, North River, New York harbor, supposed to have been displaced by recent volcanic action.

Mr. Berry introduced a resolution which was agreed to, directing the Postmaster General to send to the Senate the number of items and total amount due to individuals for carrying the mails prior to May 1st, 1861, in cases where the Confederate records on file fail to show payment by the Confederate government.

The general deficiency appropriation bill was taken up at the close of routine business.

HOUSE.

The House met at 11 a. m. today. A bill was passed eliminating eighth barrels from the classification of beer barrels.

The conference report on the Isthmian canal bill was then called up, but it was decided to consider it later in the day, and the House in committee of the whole resumed consideration of the Philippine bill.

Later the Philippine bill was laid aside and the consideration of the canal bill began.

Mr. Hepburn said he still favored the Nicaragua route and expressed the belief that the House bill was the wisest canal measure considered by the House at any time.

At 1:45, although the House was ready to adopt the report on a viva voce vote, Mr. Burton demanded the yeas and nays which were ordered, and the House by a vote of 252 to 7, adopted the conference report favoring the Panama route. Four voted "present."

Among the eight members who voted in the negative was Mr. Jones, of Virginia.

The House, at 3:10, in committee of the whole resumed consideration of the Philippine bill.

The second execution this week occurred in the Allegheny county, Pa., jail yard this morning. Charles Davis, colored, was hanged at 10:07 o'clock. Davis murdered his wife, Birdie Davis, at home in Tenth street, Decatur, Ga., 1901. The execution was without other than the usual incidents.

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